### Y9 Product in a Tin Competition Knowledge Organiser

### **Recall Textiles Techniques**



Tie Dye



Applique



Molar



Pin Tucks



Sisha



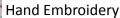
**Block Print** 



**Fabric Crayons** 



Machine embroidery

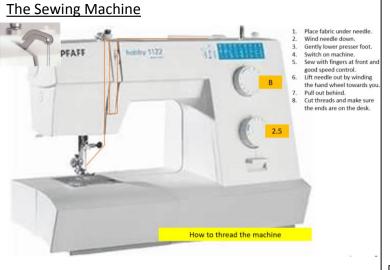


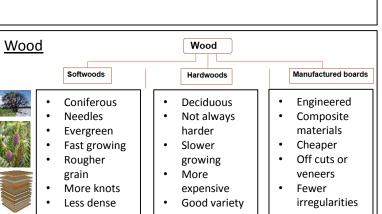


Transfer Print



**Batik** 



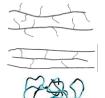


#### Plastics (Polymers)

**Thermoplastic** can be reheated and reshaped. Can be recycled.

Thermoset are cured (set) using heat. Cannot be reshaped once cured. Harder to recycle.

**Elastomers** can be either thermoset or thermoplastic. They have a stretchy and rubbery quality.



#### Example



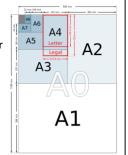


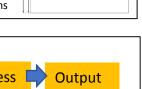
**GSM** = grams per square meter

Paper – usually around 72gsm

Card/Thick paper – Usually Around 120gsm – 200gsm

Board is measured in microns





#### Electronics Process Input LED - light Power Wires

Resistor Sound -Switch Sensors Transistors speaker Capacitors Buzzer Simple Electric Circuit Timers motor Integrated

#### Keywords in textiles Applique / Aesthetics Buttons / Batch production / Batik / Bonded fabrics / Breathable fabrics / Biodegradable / Bobbin Cotton / CAD CAM / Components / Colour / Construction Decorative stitches / Design / Dyeing / Disassembly Design brief / Durability Embroidery / Evaluation / Elasticity / Eco-Design Embellishment / Embossing / Fibres/ fluorescent fabrics / Functionality / Fabric crayons Fastenings / Felt / Flammability Gathering / Grading Hand stitching / Health & Safety / Hems / Handle Ideas / Interfacing / Inspiration / Inks / Iron Lace / Laminated fabrics / Leather / Linen Machine stitching / Microfibres / Manequin / Mood boards Natural fibres / Natural fibres / Needles / Nylon

## Overlock / Organic

Patchwork / Pattern / Pattern cutting / Pile /

Phosphoresence

Pigment / Polyester / Pocket / Pleat / Printing / Pressing Recycling / Regenerated fibres / Research / Rayon /

Reflective

Satin / Scissors / Sustainable / Screen printing /

Sewing machine / Shade / Stencil

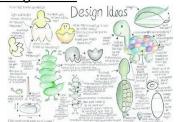
Tailors chalk / Tape measure / Testing / Texture / Threads

Tie-Dye / Trends / Tolerance / Tailored / Transfer printing

Weave / Webbing / Wool / Water-proofing

Zip

## Design Ideas





#### CAD/CAM

Computer Aided Design Computer Aided Manufacture

# **Equipment & Key Terms**

Needle		Used to hand sew fabric and creating embroidery designs. The 'eye' of the needle is where the thread is fed through.	Over locker		A electrical machine that neatens the edge of fabric to prevent fabric from fraying.
Pins		Used to hold fabrics in place when sewing, with an 'in/out' motion.	Aida Fabric	2	Fabric used to create embroidery designs.
Machining Thread		Used to sewing fabrics together, either by hand or with a sewing machine.	Pattern		Used as a template for cutting out pieces of a textile product.
Fabric Shears	Q,	Used to cut fabrics and threads only, not paper.	Seam Allowance	7 6 5	Added to pattern to ensure that the products ends up in the correct size.
Embroidery Scissors	Å	Used to cut delicate work into fabrics and trim threads.	Fabric		Used to create a range of different products, including toys & clothing. Comes in a range of different lengths, widths, colours, finishes & patterns. Can be either Natural or Man-made.
Embroidery Thread		Comes with 6 threads intertwined that can be 'split' to reduce the thickness. Used to create decorative stitches on products.	Ironing/ Pressing	10	Method of removing creases from fabrics to give products a better finish.
Sewing Machine	1	A electrical product that is used to sew fabrics together securely. The machine can produce a range of stitches including straight & zig-zag.	Design	188 P 888	A process that is completed to communicate your ideas clearly.
Tape Measure	00	Used to measure fabrics and the human body to help make patterns accurate to the desired size.	Colour Wheel		Using knowledge of colour to make your product stand out and appeal to others.